

V.1
2.)

$R = 1$ $C = 0,1$
 $L = 2$ $r = 0,5$

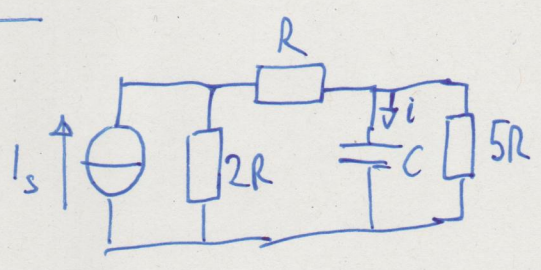
$$H(s) = \frac{12s^2 + 6s}{42s^2 + 193s + 240}$$

$$\frac{u_1}{2R} + \frac{u_1}{R+sL} + \frac{u_1 - u_2}{1/sC} = 0$$

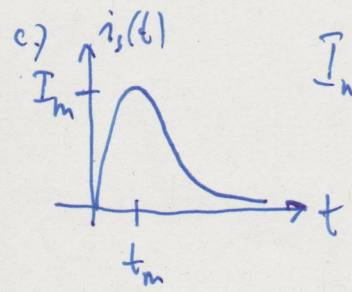
$$sC(u_2 - u_1) + \frac{u_2 - rI_v}{3R} + \frac{u_2 - u_s}{R} = 0$$

$$I_v = \frac{u_1}{2R}$$

- simbolikus megoldés
- impulzusreagálás adott paraméterekkel
- nyírállás és ábrázolás

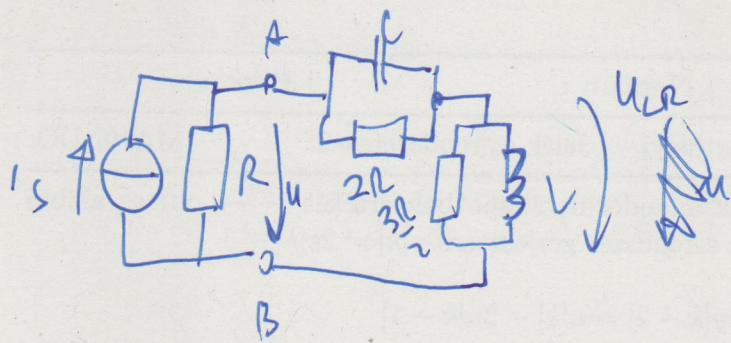


$R = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$; $C = 10 \text{ nF}$; $L = \dots$
 $\text{k}\Omega, \text{nF}, \mu\text{s}, \text{mH}, \text{V}, \text{mA}, \text{Mrad/s}$



$I_m = 20 \text{ mA}$
 $t_m = 50 \mu\text{s}$

1.)



$$L=1; R=2$$

X.2

$$\sqrt{\frac{L}{C}} = R \rightarrow C = \frac{L}{R^2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$Z_{AB}(s) = (2R \times \frac{1}{sC}) + (\frac{3L}{2} \times sL)$$

$$U_{AB} = \frac{Z_{AB}}{R + Z_{AB}} \cdot R I_s$$

$$U_{AB} = \frac{s^2 6CLR^2 + 7LR \cdot s + 6R^2}{10CLR \cdot s^2 + (6CR^2 + 9L)s + 9R} I_s$$

partiell

$$Z_{AB} = \frac{\dots}{(1+2RC)(sL+3R)}$$

$$\frac{6s^2 + 14s + 24}{5s^2 + 15s + 18}$$

muss den Zähler und Nenner partiell zerlegen (das heißt j'leigen)

$$s^2 + 2\zeta \Omega s + \Omega^2 \text{ oder } a \text{ rewers}$$

$$10CLR \cdot (s^2 + s(\frac{6R}{10L} + \frac{9}{10RC}) + \frac{9}{10LC})$$

$$\Omega = \sqrt{\frac{9}{10LC}} \text{ pl. edat}$$

$$\left(\text{da } \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}} = \eta \cdot R_0 \text{ mit } \eta \right)$$

R_0 ist Ω nicht η (Lies 0 ist) (ist)

$$\text{also } \frac{6L}{10L} + \frac{9}{10RC} = 2 \cdot \zeta \cdot \Omega$$

$$\frac{6L}{10} + \frac{9}{10R} \frac{L}{C} = 2 \cdot \zeta \cdot L \cdot \sqrt{\frac{9}{10LC}} = 2 \cdot \zeta \cdot \sqrt{\frac{9}{10}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$$

$$R=2; L=1; C=1$$

$$U_{LR} = U_{AB} \cdot \frac{Z_{LR}}{Z_{LR} + Z_M}$$

$$R=2; L=1; C=1$$

X.2

$$\frac{24s^2 + 6s}{20s^2 + 33s + 18}$$

$$20(s^2 + 1,65s + 0,9)$$

$$s^2 = 0,9 \rightarrow s = 0,9486$$

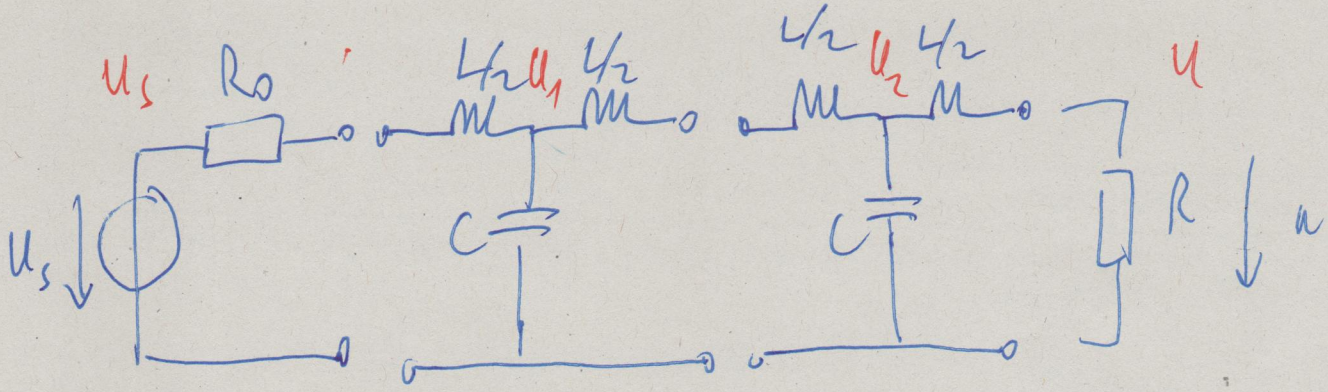
$$2\zeta \cdot s = 1,65$$

$$\zeta = \frac{1,65}{2 \cdot s} = 0,8617$$

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 CR + s(L + 2CR^2) + 3R}$$

$$R=1; L=1; C=1 \quad \frac{1}{s^2 + 3s + 3} \quad -1,5 \pm 0,8660j = p_{1,2}$$

$$R=5; L=1; C=1 \quad \frac{1}{5s^2 + 5s + 15} \quad \begin{array}{l} -1,8969 \\ -0,3031 \end{array}$$



0

$$sC \cdot U_1 + \frac{U_1 - U_s}{R_0 + sL/2} + \frac{U_1 - U_2}{sL} = 0$$

$$\frac{U_2 - U_1}{sL} + \frac{U_2 - U}{sL/2} + sC U_2 = 0$$

$$\frac{U}{R} + \frac{U - U_2}{sL/2} = 0$$

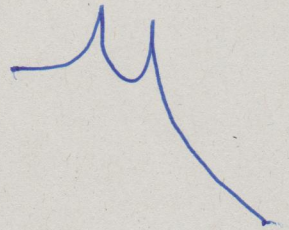
$$\sqrt{\frac{L}{C}} = 120 \Omega$$

$$L = 1$$

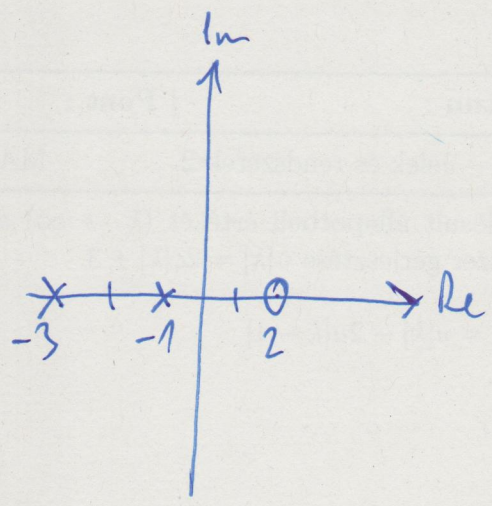
$$C = \frac{L}{(120\pi)^2}$$

R, L, C, R_0

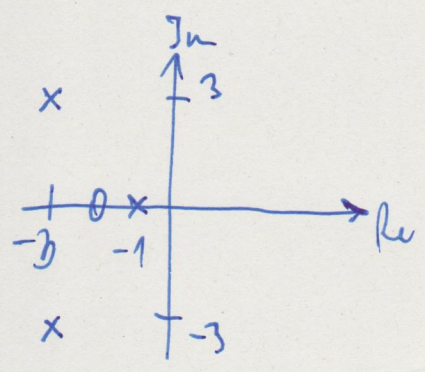
10, 1, 1, 0



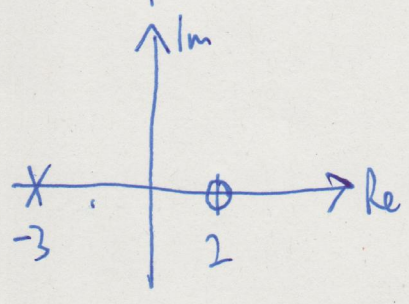
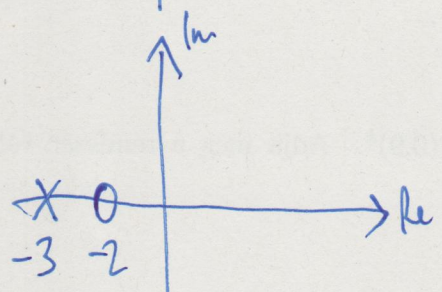
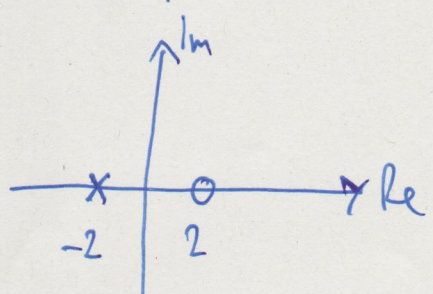
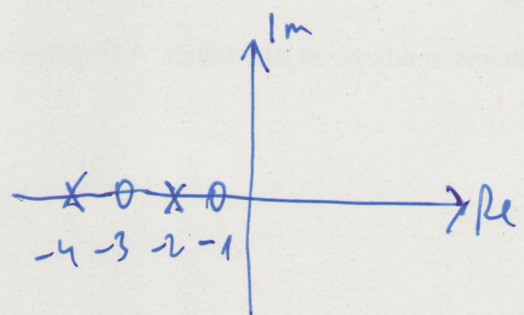
+ informació
 $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} g(t) = 3$
 $H(s) = ?$



$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} g(t) = -2$



- Bode-diagram
- $H(j\omega) = \dots$



Hasolital örne an
 amplifikas karakteristike'ket!